

**(1952) 06 P&H CK 0022**  
**In the Punjab And Haryana At Chandigarh**  
**Case No : Civil Writ No. 190 of 1951**

|                            |    |            |
|----------------------------|----|------------|
| Balmokand Kohli and others | Vs | APPELLANT  |
| State of Punjab            |    | RESPONDENT |

---

**Date of Decision :** 16-06-1952

**Acts Referred:**

Constitution of India, 1950 — Article 226

**Citation :** AIR 1954 P&H 18

**Hon'ble Judges :** Khosla, J;Harnam Singh, J

**Bench :** Division Bench

**Advocate :** Tek Chand, for the Appellant; Sikri, Advocate-General for the State, for the Respondent

**Final Decision :** Dismissed

---

## Judgement

Harnam Singh, J.—Shri Bal Mokand Kohli and seventeen other owners of buildings and lands situate in Sanjauli apply under Art. 226 of the Constitution of India for the issuance of a writ of "mandamus" restraining the State of Punjab from proceeding under S. 3, Punjab Urban Immovable Property Tax Act, 1940, hereinafter referred to as the Act, with regard to buildings and lands situate in Sanjauli.

2. Briefly summarised the facts of the case are these. The built up area of Sanjauli measuring 201 acres was transferred from Himachal Pradesh to the State of Punjab with effect from 25-1-1950, under Art. 3, Provinces and States (Absorption of Enclaves) Order, 1950, with the result that from that date all laws in force in the State of Punjab came to be in force in the built up area of Sanjauli. By notification No. 5327-LG (A)/50/11-8803, dated 24-7-1950, the built-up area of Sanjauli was included within the limits of the Simla Municipality for purposes of administration with effect from 25-1-1950. In the rating area of Simla the Act was in force from 1941 and under the Act the last valuation list for that rating area was prepared in 1949-50.

On the inclusion of Sanjauli in the rating area of Simla the applicants were given notice under the proviso to S. 9 of the Act to file objections to the proposed amendments in the valuation list of Simla so as to bring that list into accord with the circumstances that arose on the inclusion of Sanjauli within the area administered by the Simla Municipality. Of the applicants Shri Bal Mokand Kohli, Shri Jagat Ram, Shri Amar Chand Butail, Messrs. Hakim Mal-Tani Mal, Messrs. Indar Mal Gurbakhsh Rai, Messrs. Mauja Mal-Sant Ram, Messrs. Jodha Mal Sit a Ram, Shri Hukam Chand, Messrs. Moja Mal-Mehar Chand and Messrs. Milkhi Ram-Prithi Chand filed objections under the proviso to S. 9 of the Act and their assessments were modified according to the facts of each case.

3. No proceedings in appeal or revision were taken under S. 10 of the Act by the applicants. In the application under Art. 226 of the Constitution objection is taken to the levy of tax on buildings and lands situated in Sanjauli on the following grounds:

(1) that inasmuch as notification under S. 1 (2) of the Act has not been made extending the Act to Sanjauli, tax could not be levied under S. 3 of the Act;

(2) that, in any case, no valuation list has been prepared for Sanjauli in accordance with the procedure prescribed by Ss. 7 and 8 of the Act;

(3) that the assessing authority has not given notice to the applicants under S. 18(1) of the Act; and

(4) that the assessing authority has introduced the valuation list in Sanjauli with effect from 26-1-1950, whereas S. 7(2) of the Act provides that every valuation list shall come in force on the 1st day of April or the 1st day of October, as the case may be, next following the date on which the valuation list is finally approved by the assessing authority.

4. In my judgment there is no force in the first objection. Section 3 of the Act provides "inter alia" that there shall be charged, levied and paid an annual tax on buildings and lands situated in the rating areas shown in the schedule to the Act. Section 2(e) of the Act as amended by East Punjab Act 33 of 1948 defines "rating area" to mean any area administered "for the time being" by a local authority which is included or which may hereafter be included in the schedule to the Act. Simla is shown to be a "rating area" in the schedule to the Act. By notification dated 24-7-1950, the built-up area of Sanjauli was included within the area administered by the Simla Municipality for purposes of administration with effect from 25-1-1950. That being so, the Act came into force in Sanjauli when Sanjauli was included within the area administered by the Simla Municipality, In this view of the matter the promulgation of notification under S. 1(2) of the Act was not necessary.

5. Section 7(1) of the Act provides "inter alia" that a valuation list shall be made by the prescribed authority in accordance with the rules framed under the Act for every rating area so as to come into force either on the first day of April or on

the first of October, and thereafter new valuation list shall be prepared from time to time so that the interval between the dates on which one valuation list and the next succeeding valuation list respectively come into force shall be a period of five years. For the area administered by the Simla Municipality the last valuation list was prepared in 1949-50 & it came into force in that rating area with effect from 1-4-1950. Sanjauli being included in that rating area the preparation of a separate valuation list was not required by law for the case came within S. 9 of the Act. The relevant portion of S. 9 reads:

9. Subject to such rules, if any, as the State Government may think fit to make in this behalf, the assessing authority may at any time make such amendments in a valuation list as appear to it necessary in order to bring the list into accord with existing circumstances, x x.

Clearly, the assessing authority has power to make amendments in the valuation list prepared for the area administered by the Municipality of Simla so as to bring that list into accord with the circumstances arising out of the inclusion of Sanjauli in that rating area.

6. Mr. Grover urges that the amendments do not come within S. 9(a), (b) and (c) of the Act. In my opinion cases mentioned in S. 9(a), (b) and (c) are merely illustrative for the power to make amendments in order to bring the list in accord with the existing circumstances is given by the provisions of law contained in the opening part of S. 9 of the Act. Clearly, Cls. (a), (b) and (c) of S. 9 of the Act are not restrictive of the power given to the assessing authority by what precedes immediately Cl. (a) of S. 9 of the Act. In this connection AIR 1945 156 (Privy Council) , may be seen. In these circumstances I overrule the contention that on the inclusion of Sanjauli within the rating area of Simla amendments in the current valuation list of that rating area could not be made.

7. Section 18(1) of the Act as amended by East Punjab Act 33 of 1948 reads:

18. (1) In every case where a new valuation list is to be made of any rating area the assessing authority shall give public notice of such intention in such manner as may be prescribed, and may serve a notice on the owner, occupier or lessee of any building or land in the said area, or on any one or more of them, requiring him, or them to make return containing such particulars as may be prescribed.

Section 18(1) of the Act as originally passed provided that where the assessing authority considers that an amendment of the current valuation list may be required the assessing authority shall serve notice on the owner, occupier or lessee of every building or land in the area or any one or more of them requiring him or them to make a return in such particulars as may be prescribed. Notice under S. 18(1) of the Act as amended by East Punjab Act 33 of 1948 is not necessary to be given to the owner, occupier or lessee of buildings or lands in the rating area in the case of an amendment in the current valuation list.

8. Mr. Grover then urges that the valuation list for the rating area of Simla could

not have been brought into force as from 26-1-1950. In para 11 of the written statement it is said that the valuation list of the rating area of Simla came into force on 1-4-1950 and buildings and lands situate in Sanjauli have been taxed with effect from the 1st day of April, 1950.

9. No other point was pressed in arguments.

10. For the reasons given above, I would discharge the rule and dismiss with costs Civil Writ Application No. 190 of 1951.

Khosla J.

11. I agree.