

(2023) 05 GUJ CK 0047

In the Gujarat High Court

Case No : R/Criminal Misc.Application No. 8874 Of 2023

Bhavesh @ Lalo Chandrakant Patel

APPELLANT

Vs

State Of Gujarat

RESPONDENT

Date of Decision : 11-05-2023

Acts Referred:

Code Of Criminal Procedure, 1973 — Section 439

Gujarat Prohibition Act, 1949 — Section 65(A)(E), 81, 98(2), 116(b)

Citation : (2023) 05 GUJ CK 0047

Hon'ble Judges : M. R. Mengdey, J

Bench : Single Bench

Advocate : Hitesh P Prajapati, Kishan Prajapati, Jirga Javeri

Final Decision : Allowed

Judgement

M. R. Mengdey, J

1. This Application is filed by the Applicant – Accused under Section 439 of the Code of Criminal Procedure for enlarging the applicant on Regular Bail in connection with F.I.R. No. 11197034230611 of 2023 registered with Padra Police Station, District: Vadodara Rural for the offences punishable under Sections 65(A) (E), 81, 98(2) and 116(b) of the Prohibition Act.

2. Heard learned Advocate Mr.Kishan Prajapati for the Applicant and learned APP Ms. Jirga Javeri for the Respondent State.

3. Rule. Learned APP waives service of Rule for the Respondent State of Gujarat.

Submission of the Parties:

4. Learned Advocate for the Applicant / Accused has submitted that the Applicant Accused is innocent as he has not taken part in the offence as alleged. He has family roots in the society and therefore, he is not likely to flee away from justice. That he will abide by whatever conditions imposed by the Hon'ble Court. He has further vehemently submitted that there is no direct involvement of the

Applicant Accused in the present case so far as allegation is concerned. He further submitted that the present applicant is the owner of the vehicle, from which the contraband liquor has been seized. He has therefore prayed that discretion may kindly be exercised and grant bail to the Applicant Accused.

4. Per contra, learned APP has vehemently argued and has opposed grant of bail looking to the nature and gravity of offence, involvement of the Applicant / Accused. She further submitted that the present applicant is a habitual offender and if the Hon'ble Court is inclined to grant bail then in such case strict conditions may be imposed to secure the presence of the Applicant Accused.

Merits of the Case:

5. This court has considered the following aspects:

(a) That the present applicant is the owner of the vehicle, of which the liquor has been seized.

(b) Further as per catena of decisions of Hon'ble Supreme Court, there are mainly 3 factors which are required to be considered by this court i.e. prima facie case, availability of Applicant accused at the time of trial and tampering and hampering with the witnesses by the accused.

(c) That the learned Advocate for the Applicant has submitted that the Applicant Accused is not likely to flee away.

(d) That the Applicant Accused is in custody since 17.04.2023.

(e) The law laid down by the Hon'ble Apex Court in the case of Sanjay Chandra v. C.B.I. Reported in (2012) 1 SCC 40, wherein it is held that bail is a rule and jail is an exception.

6. Having heard the learned Advocates for the parties and perusing the record produced in this case as well as taking into consideration the facts of the case, nature of allegations, gravity of accusation, availability of the Applicant Accused at the time of Trial etc. and the role attributed to the present Applicant accused, the present Application deserves to be allowed and accordingly stands allowed. The Applicant Accused is ordered to be released on regular bail in connection with F.I.R. No.11197034230611 of 2023 registered with Padra Police Station, District: Vadodara Rural on executing a personal bond of Rs.10,000/- with one surety of the like amount to the satisfaction of the trial Court, subject to the following conditions that he shall:

(a) not directly or indirectly make any inducement, threat or promise to any person acquainted with the fact of the case so as to dissuade him from disclosing such facts to the Court or any Police Officer or tamper with the evidence.

(b) maintain law and order and not to indulge in any criminal activities.

(c) furnish the documentary proof of complete, correct and present address of his residence to the Investigating Officer and to the Trial Court at the time of

executing the bond and shall not change his residence without prior permission of the trial Court.

(d) provide his contact numbers as well as the contact numbers of the sureties before the Trial Court. In case of change in such numbers inform in writing immediately to the trial Court.

(e) file an affidavit stating his immovable properties whether self acquired or ancestral with description, location and present value of such properties before the Trial Court, if any.

(f) not leave India without prior permission of the Trial Court

(g) mark presence before the concerned police station on every 1st day of English calendar month between 12:00 Noon and 2:00 PM till one year or till the trial is concluded, whichever is earlier.

(h) surrender passport, if any, to the Trial Court within a week. If he does not possess passport, he shall file an Affidavit to that effect.

7. Bail bond to be executed before the Trial Court having jurisdiction to try the case. It would be open for the Trial Court concerned to give time to furnish the solvency certificate if prayed for.

8. If breach of any of the above conditions is committed, the Trial Court concerned will be free to issue warrant or take appropriate action according to law. The Authorities will release the Applicant forthwith only if he is not required in connection with any other offence for the time being.

9. At the trial, the concerned trial Court shall not be influenced by the prima facie observations made by this Court in the present order.

10. Rule is made absolute. The Registry is directed to communicate this order by Fax / by E-mail to the concerned Court / Authority.