
(1985) 08 SC CK 0020

In the Supreme Court Of India

Case No : Writ Petition (Civil) No. 8085 of 1985

Phool Chand Gupta

APPELLANT

Vs

Regional Transport Authority, Ujjain and Others

RESPONDENT

Date of Decision : 23-08-1985

Acts Referred:

Constitution of India, 1950 — Article 19(1), 32
Motor Vehicles Act, 1939 — Section 68C, 68D

Citation : AIR 1986 SC 119 : (1985) 2 SCALE 334 : (1985) 4 SCC 190 : (1985) 2 SCR 682 Supp : (1985) 17 UJ 902

Hon'ble Judges : R. B. Mishra, J; E. S. Venkataramiah, J

Bench : Division Bench

Advocate : R.K. Jain and R.P. Singh, for the Appellant; Ravinder Bana and Rameshwar Nath, for the Respondent

Final Decision : Allowed

Judgement

1. This is a petition filed under Article 32 of the Constitution. The petitioner applied to the Regional Transport Authority, Ujjain in the State of Madhya Pradesh for the issuance of a stage carriage permit under the provisions of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Act') to operate a stage carriage service on the route between Bhadavmata and Mandsaur in the year 1968. Since a draft scheme prepared by the Madhya Pradesh State Road Transport Corporation (the State Transport Undertaking) u/s 68-C of the Act covering the said route had been published as scheme No. 72 in the year 1965 proposing to operate stage carriage services on the route to the exclusion of other operators and the said scheme had not yet been published as the approved scheme as required by Section 68-D of the Act his application was kept pending by the Regional Transport Authority, Ujjain Region, Ujjain by its order dated January 20, 1977. Because the approved scheme has not been published till today even after the lapse of 20 years from the date of its publication u/s 68-C of the Act the petitioner has filed this petition requesting the court to quash the draft scheme No. 72 of 1965 and to direct the State Government, the State

Transport Undertaking and the Transport Authorities not to take any further steps pursuant to the said draft scheme.

2. When the above petition came up for preliminary hearing on July 29, 1985 a notice was issued to the State Government of Madhya Pradesh to show cause why the draft scheme and all proceedings consequent upon its publication should not be quashed. In reply to the said notice a counter affidavit has been filed, the deponent of which is B.M. Saxena, Traffic Superintendent, Madhya Pradesh State Road Transport Corporation, Bhopal. In the counter affidavit it is stated that the draft scheme, that is, Scheme No.72 was published u/s 68-C of the Act on December 31, 1965. The objections and representations filed in respect of the said scheme were heard by the Special Secretary appointed by the State Government to hear the objections and that the objections and representations were disposed of by him by his order dated May 16, 1967. Thereafter, the entire proceedings were placed before the State Government for its approval and publications under Sub-sections (2) and (3) of Section 68-D of the Act. It would appear that the scheme in question involved certain inter-State routes and that it had to be approved by the Central Government as required by the proviso to Sub-section (3) of Section 68-D of the Act and also assented to by the State Government of Rajasthan. The State Government had not been able to obtain till now the requisite approval/consent of the Central Government or the State Government of Rajasthan and thus it has not been possible to publish the approved scheme.

3. From the foregoing it is clear that the draft scheme which was published in the year 1965 has not yet received the approval u/s 68-D of the Act and published as required by law. No satisfactory explanation is also forthcoming for this delay. The petitioner contends that this inordinate delay has resulted in the violation of the fundamental right guaranteed under Article 19(1)(g) of the Constitution. In support of his contention, the petitioner has relied upon a decision of this Court in Yogeshwar Jaiswal Vs. State Transport Appellate Tribunal and Others, . In that decision this Court has observed at pages 518-519 thus:

The provisions of Section 68C and 68D of the Act clearly indicate that any scheme which is intended for providing efficient, adequate, economical or properly co-ordinated transport service should be approved either as it is or in a modified form or rejected, as the case may be, within a reasonably short time as any extraordinary delay is bound to upset all or any of the factors, namely, efficiency, adequacy, economy or co-ordination which ought to govern an approved scheme under Chapter IVA of the Act. On account of various reasons such as the growth of population and the development of the geographical area adjacent to the area or route in question, any unreasonable delay may render the very proposal contained in the scheme antiquated, outmoded and purposeless. Hence there is need for speedy disposal of the case u/s 68D of the Act.... Delay in performance of statutory duties amounts to an abuse of process of law and has to be remedied by the court particularly when the public interest

suffers thereby. Hence if there is an unreasonably long and un-explained delay in the State Government passing orders u/s 68D of the Act, the Court may issue a mandamus to the State Government to dispose of the case u/s 68D of the Act within a specified time or may in an appropriate case even issue a writ in the nature of certiorari quashing the scheme and a writ in the nature of prohibition u/s 68C of the Act because Section 68D does not confer an unfettered discretion on the State Government to deal with the case as it likes. The power u/s 68D has to be exercised having due regard to the public interest.

4. It is not denied that during the period of 20 years since the publication of the draft scheme there has been lot of development in or around the area or routes covered by it. Hence it can no longer be said that the proposal in the draft scheme would satisfy the requirements of Section 68-C of the Act which provides that the transport service which is proposed to be introduced in respect of any route or area to the exclusion, complete or partial, of all other operators should be efficient, adequate, economical and properly co-ordinated service. This Court has given substantial reasons in Yogesliwar Jaiswal's case (supra) for quashing a scheme published u/s 68-D of the Act if there has been unreasonable delay in the publication of the approved scheme u/s 68-D of the Act. We do not find that there is any justification in the circumstances of this case to keep the proceedings pending any longer. The fact that the Central Government and the State Government of Rajasthan have not given their approval/consent to the scheme cannot be considered as an extenuating circumstance.

5. We, therefore, quash the draft scheme, that is, scheme No. 72 of 1965 published u/s 68-C of the Act and all the proceedings which have taken place pursuant thereto till now including the order passed by the Special Secretary of the Government of Madhya Pradesh thereon and we issue a direction to the respondents not to take any further proceedings hereafter pursuant to scheme No. 72 of 1965.

6. This order does not prevent the State Transport Undertaking of the State of Madhya Pradesh from taking fresh steps for publishing a scheme u/s 68-C if it thinks that it is necessary to do so. As regards the application said to have been made by the petitioner in the year 1968, we feel that it is not necessary to revive it at this distance of time. The petitioner may if he is so advised file a fresh application for a permit and if he makes such an application it shall be disposed of in accordance with law after inviting objections and representations to it from the concerned parties.

7. This petition is accordingly allowed. There shall be no order as to costs.